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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/008,633	12/07/2001	Oskar Wack	00-07300US	3352
7590 04/09/2004 ROBERT W. BECKER & ASSOCIATES 11896 N. Highway 14, Suite B Tijeras, NM 87059			EXAMINER	
			MARKOFF, ALEXANDER	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Tijetas, ivivi	,,,,,,		1746	
			DATE MAILED: 04/09/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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7	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/008,633	WACK, OSKAR				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alexander Markoff	1746				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staff Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may eply within the statutory minimum of to od will apply and will expire SIX (6) M tute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12						
= -	his action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Εχ paπe Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 455 O.G. 215.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-34</u> is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-17,19-23 and 27-34</u> is/are reject 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>18 and 24-26</u> is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam						
	accepted or b) objected					
Applicant may not request that any objection to to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con-						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attac	ned Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received interiority documents have been (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n Application No en received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	· — _	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/12/04.	' — —i.	of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
LLS Potent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

- 1. It is noted that the applicants filed an IDS listing two pending unpublished US Applications. The applicants state that these applications are literal translation of the previously cited prior art. It is noted that the applications are listed as US Patent Documents.
- The information contained in these applications has been considered. However,
 recitation of these application was removed from the PTO-1449, because unpublished
 US Applications are not proper documents to be printed on the face of the patent.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claims 27-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The claims recite changing the state of the cleaning liquid between two-phase emulsion and one-phase solution by agitation. This is enabled. The agitation alone could not change an emulsion to the true solution.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 15-17 and 20-23, 27, 29, 31, 32 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kuemin et al (US Patent 5,876,510 and WO 96/28535).

Kuemin et al teach a method for cleaning objects with emulsions comprising the same chemicals as claimed and disclosed by the specification in the same concentration as claimed. The document teaches the use of ultrasonic agitation during the cleaning. The emulsions are then cleaned from contamination and are recycled by azeotropic distillation. See entire documents, especially column 2, line 42 – column 3, line 27, column 5, line 33 column 6, line 2, column 7, line 18 – column 11, line 31.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148
- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 14 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

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1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

9. Claims 19 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kuemin et al in view of EPA 0587917.

Kuemin et al do not specifically teach filtering of the cleaning liquid. They however, teach separation and purification of the contamination. See at least column 10, lines 25-33.

Filtering is a conventional method for separating contamination from the liquid. It would have been obvious to an ordinary artisan at the time the invention was made to include filtering in the separation process disclosed by Kuemin et al with reasonable expectation of adequate results in order to separate contamination. This would have been especially obvious to an ordinary artisan in view of the teaching of EPA 0587917, which teaches that it was conventional to use filtering to separate contaminants from the cleaning liquids similar to the liquids disclosed by Kuemin et al, which were used in cleaning processes similar to the one disclosed by Kuemin et al.

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 18 and 24-26 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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11. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art taken alone or in combination fails to teach or fairly suggest providing in Kuemin et al the steps of lowering temperature from the cleaning temperature to obtain a one-phase cleaning liquid from the emulsion in combination with removing contaminants from this one-phase solution.

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to previously pending have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Markoff whose telephone number is 571-272-1304. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy P Gulakowski can be reached on 571-272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alexander Markoff Primary Examiner Art Unit 1746

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ALEXANDER MARKOFF PRIMARY EXAMINER